

Monotonicity, Days 3+4

Luka Crnič, Yosef Grodzinsky, $9{+}10/8/23$

the free choice challenges, part 1

the acceptability and variation challenge

- (1) Tina is allowed to attend any class.
- (2) *Tina is allowed to ever attend a class.

operators and environments

- (3) [allowed] is not a DM function.
- (4) λX . [T is allowed to attend any class]^[any class] is not a DM function.

illustration of non-DMness

(5) Tina is allowed to attend a(ny) class

 ⇒ Tina is allowed to attend two classes/every class/most classes

the free choice challenges, parts 2 and 3

the strength challenge

- (6) Tina is allowed to attend any class.
- (7) *Tina is required to attend any class.

the plural/mass challenge

- (8) Tina is allowed to attend any class.
- (9) *Tina is allowed to attend any classes.
- (10) *Tina is allowed to donate any blood.

(also: imperatives, generics)

approaching the acceptability, variation, and strength challenge

- (11) Gali is allowed to attend any class
 ⇒ Gali is allowed to attend two classes/every class/most classes
- (12) Gali is allowed to attend any class
 ⇒ Gali is allowed to attend any difficult class/any logic class/etc
- (13) Gali is required to attend a class
 ⇒ Gali is required to attend a difficult class/any logic class/etc.

potential revisions (cf Kadmon & Landman on any)

- (14) **Env-Condition (old):** An NPI is acceptable iff it occurs at LF in a constituent that is DM* with respect to its position.
- (15) Env-Condition-any: An any-DP is acceptable iff it occurs at LF in a constituent that is DM* with respect to the position of its complement.
- (16) Env-Condition-ever: An ever-AdvP is acceptable iff it occurs at LF in a constituent that is DM* with respect to its position.

(all but) impossible revision

(17) **Op-Condition:** An NPI is acceptable iff it is c-commanded at LF by a constituent that denotes a DM* function.

* (and not UM)



existential vs. universal modal, episodic environments

- (18) Gali is allowed to attend syntax or semantics. \Rightarrow Gali is allowed to attend syn \land Gali is allowed to attend sem
- (19) Gali is required to attend syntax or semantics.
 ⇒ Gali is required to attend syn ∧ Gali is required to attend sem
- (20) Gali attended syntax or semantics.
 ⇒ Gali attended syntax ∧ Gali attended semantics

(cf Kamp 1973, Zimmermann 2000, Aloni 2007, Fox 2007, ia)

(21) Gali is allowed to attend syntax or semantics

alternatives

- (22) a. Gali is allowed to attend syntax
 - b. Gali is allowed to attend semantics
 - c. Gali is allowed to attend syntax and semantics

(innocently) excludable alternatives

$$\begin{array}{ll} (23) & \mbox{ excl}(S) = \bigcap \{ M \mid M \mbox{ is a maximal subset of } ALT(S) \\ & \mbox{ such that } \{ \neg p \mid p \in M \} \cup \{ \llbracket S \rrbracket \} \mbox{ is consistent} \} \end{array}$$

(innocently) includable alternatives

- (26) a. Gali is allowed to attend syntax
 - b. Gali is allowed to attend semantics

exhaustification

$$(27) \qquad \mathsf{exh}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathsf{S}) = \llbracket \mathsf{S} \rrbracket \land \forall \mathsf{S}' \in \mathsf{incl}(\mathsf{S}) \colon \llbracket \mathsf{S}' \rrbracket \land \forall \mathsf{S}' \in \mathsf{excl}(\mathsf{S}) \cap \mathsf{C} \colon \neg \llbracket \mathsf{S}' \rrbracket$$

(28) exh_C (Gali is allowed to attend syntax or semantics) =

 \Diamond (Gali attends syntax or semantics) \land

- $(Gali attends syntax) \land$
- \Diamond (Gali attends semantics) \land
- $\neg \Box$ (Gali attends syntax and semantics) (if in C)

(Bar-Lev and Fox 2020)

exhaustification and disjunction (simplified)

(29) exh_{C} (Gali is required to attend syntax or semantics) = \Box (Gali attends syntax or semantics) \land $\neg \Box$ (Gali attends syntax) \land (if in C) $\neg \Box$ (Gali attends semantics) $\Rightarrow \Diamond$ (Gali attends syntax) $\land \Diamond$ (Gali attends semantics)

Culprit for missing conjunctive inferences: the conjunctive inference is equivalent to the conjunctive alternative to the sentence (it is incompatible with the exclusion of excludable alternatives, prior to the pruning of alternatives)

(31) Gali is allowed to attend any class

alternatives

- (32) a. Gali is allowed to attend a(ny) Dom
 - b. Gali is allowed to attend every Dom

for brevity, we assume $\llbracket \mathsf{Dom} \rrbracket \Rightarrow \llbracket \mathsf{class} \rrbracket$ throughout

(innocently) excludable alternatives

(33) Gali is allowed to attend every Dom, $\label{eq:gamma} \mbox{where } \mbox{card}([\![Dom]\!]) \geq 2$

(innocently) includable alternatives

(34) Gali is allowed to attend a(ny) Dom, where
$$card(\llbracket Dom \rrbracket) \ge 1$$

exhaustification

$$\begin{array}{ll} (35) & \mbox{exh}_{\mathcal{C}} \mbox{ (Gali is allowed to attend any class)} = & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

universal modal sentences

episodic sentences

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{(37)} & \mbox{exh}_{\mathcal{C}} \mbox{(Gali attended a class)} = & & \\ & \mbox{Gali attended a class} \land \neg \mbox{(Gali attended every class)} \end{array}$

non-trivial exhaustification in existential and universal modal environments

 $\begin{array}{ll} (38) & \mbox{exh}_{\mathcal{C}} \mbox{ (Gali is allowed to attend any class)} = \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ &$

(39)
$$exh_{\mathcal{C}}$$
 (Gali is required to attend a class) =
 \Box (Gali attends a class) \land
 \forall Dom: Dom \Rightarrow [[class]] $\rightarrow \neg\Box$ (Gali attends a Dom)

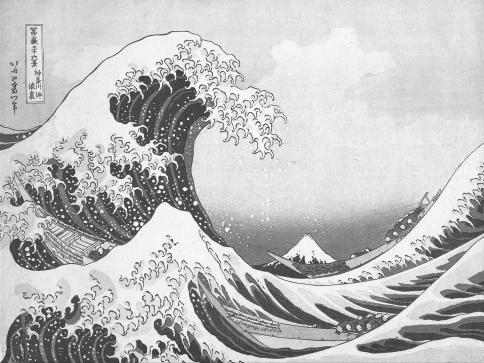
if we get rid off the env-conditions on npis, other conditions would be needed to replace it to account for their distribution in modal environments; indeed Chierchia replaces it with 'the wide-scope constraint' and 'the modal containment'. (40) Env-Condition-any: An any-DP is acceptable iff it occurs at LF in a constituent that is DM* with respect to the position of its complement.

this seems to suffice

but slightly greater care is needed – domain of *exh*:

an issue for DM-ness:

condition on the domain of exh in $[exh_C S]$: $C \subseteq excl(S)$



- ✓ the acceptability and variation challenge
- ✓ the strength challenge

the plural/mass challenge

- (45) Tina is allowed to attend any class.
- (46) *Tina is allowed to attend any classes.
- (47) *Tina is allowed to donate any blood.

plurality as cumulation (for simplicity)

target sentence

(49) *Tina is allowed to attend any classes.

(innocently) excludable alternatives

- (50) Gali is allowed to attend every Dom, where card([[Dom]]) ≥ 2
- (51) Gali is allowed to attend any Dom, where $[\![class]\!] \cap [\![Dom]\!] = \emptyset$

(innocently) includable alternatives

(52) Gali is allowed to attend a(ny) Dom,
where
$$\emptyset \neq \llbracket Dom \rrbracket \subseteq \llbracket class \rrbracket$$

exhaustification

(53) exh_C (Gali is allowed to attend any classes) =
 ◊(Gali attend a class) ∧
 ∀Dom: Ø ≠ [[Dom]] ⊆ [[class]] → ◊(Gali attends a Dom) ∧
 ∀Dom: card([[Dom]]) ≥ 2 → ¬◊(Gali attends every Dom)

non-DMness

(54) $\operatorname{exh}_{\mathcal{C}}$ (Gali is allowed to attend any classes) \Rightarrow $\operatorname{exh}_{\mathcal{C}}$ (Gali is allowed to attend any X), where $[X] \cap [\operatorname{class}] = \emptyset$ conclusion:

(55) $[exh_C \text{ Gali is allowed to attend any classes}] is not DM wrt classes$

but does this also mean the following?

(56) [exh_C Gali is allowed to attend any class] is not DM wrt class ??

recall namely the two formulations of DMness

- (57) A constituent C of a conjoinable type β is downward-monotone with respect to the position of a constituent A of a conjoinable type α that C dominates iff $[\lambda X_{\alpha}. [C]^{[A \to X]}]$ is a DM function. (cf. Gajewski 2005)
- (58) A constituent C of a conjoinable type β is downward-monotone with respect to a constituent A of a conjoinable type α that C dominates iff $\forall X: [A] \Rightarrow [X] \rightarrow [C[A/X]] \Rightarrow [C] (or <math>\forall X: [X] \Rightarrow [A] \rightarrow [C[A/X]])$

on the 'positional' notion of DMness

(59) **Env-Condition-any:** An *any*-DP is acceptable iff it occurs at LF in a constituent that is DM* wrt the position of the resource domain of *any*.

[s ... [[any D] NP] ...]

on the 'phrasal' notion of DMness

- (60) Env-Condition-any: An any-DP is acceptable iff it occurs at LF in a constituent that is DM* with respect to its complement.
- \checkmark the acceptability and variation challenge
- ✓ the strength challenge
- ✓ the plural/mass challenge